TOSHIBA Bipolar Linear Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

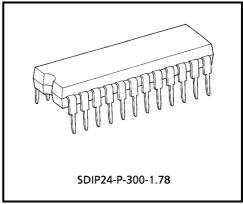
# **TA8189N**

## Quad Preamplifier For Double Cassette Tape Recorder

The TA8189N is a quad pre amplifier designed for use in record  $\prime$  play back amplifier. It is suitable for double cassette tape recorder.

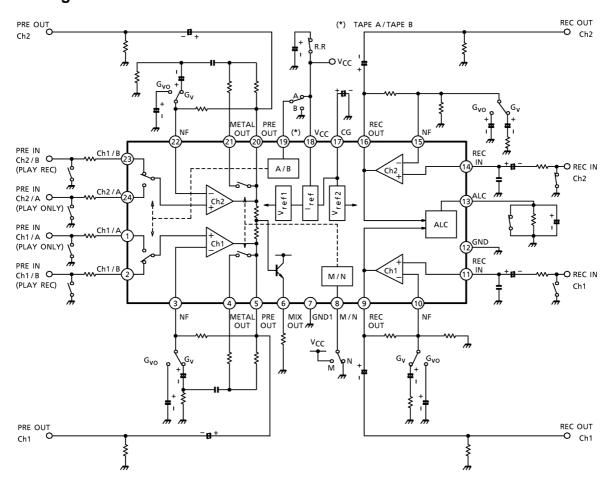
#### **Features**

- Play back amp
  - Built in input select switch.
  - Built in equalizer control switch.
  - Mixing output, for music selection.
- Recording amp
  - Built in ALC detector circuit.
- Operating supply voltage range:  $V_{CC (opr)} = 4.0 \sim 13.5 V (Ta = 25 °C)$



Weight: 1.2g (typ.)

## **Block Diagram**



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## **Terminal Explanation**

Terminal No.	Symbol	Function	Equivalent Circuit					
1	Tape A in (ch1)	Tape play back input	₹ 3V <sub>BE</sub>					
24	Tape A in (ch1)	(play)	3/22 NF					
2	Tape B in (ch2)	Tape play back input						
23	Tape B in (ch2)	(play / rec)	1/24 N-A					
3	PB NF (ch1)	Tape play back NF	IN-B GND					
22	PB NF (ch2)	Tape play back IVI	(2/23)					
4 / 21	Metal out	Metal EQ switch	Pre Out 4/21 GND					
5	Pre out (ch1)	—— Play back amp output	V <sub>C</sub> C 100Ω 5/20 GND					
20	Pre out (ch2)							
6	Mix out	Mixing output	5/20 VCC 6 GND					
7	GND	GND	_					
8	Metal / normal SW	Change over switch for metal mode and normal mode.	METAL AMP					

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Terminal No.	Symbol	Function	Equivalent Circuit			
9	Rec out (ch1)	- Recording amp output	V <sub>CC</sub>			
16	Rec out (ch2)	recording amp carpat	GND GND			
10	Rec NF (ch1)	Departing amp NE	30 A BE			
15	Rec NF (ch2)	Recording amp NF	REC NF (10 / 15)			
11	Rec in (ch1)	Recording amp input	200Ω			
14	Rec in (ch2)	Recording amp input	REC IN SOME GND			
12	GND	GND	_			
13	ALC T.C	Automatic level control (ALC) time constant terminal	VCC REC OUT DET  NF Charge Circuit  ALC Tr  GND			
17	CG det.	NF charge up circuit switching terminal	VCC  NF Charge Circuit  GND			

Terminal No.	Symbol	Function	Equivalent Circuit			
19	Tape A / tape B SW	Play back AMP input selector	VCC  TAPE A Reg  Reg  GND			

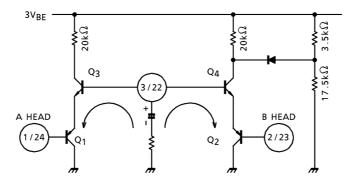
### **Application Information And Application Method**

1. Input level of play amp.

In case that input voltage ( $V_{in} > 0.0245 V_{rms}$  (-30dBm)) is applied to A-head and B-head at same time on a set, use A-head for reproducing only and, B-head for recording or reproducing.

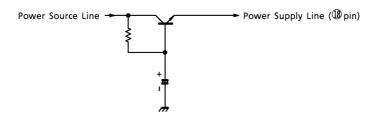
In case that the over–voltage is applied to A–head and B–head at same time, the transistor  $Q_3$ ,  $Q_4$  are made a saturation condition and NF condenser is discharged by base–current of  $Q_3$ ,  $Q_4$  and the output DC voltage of pin 3/22 are raised.

In case of the high input, use B-head, because of building in the diode against saturation on Q4.



#### 2. Power source line

In case of including the ripple on the power source line, stabilize by using a transistor as following figure.



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## **Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)**

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	14.5	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub> (Note)	1200	mW
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20~75	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~150	°C

(Note) Derated above Ta =  $25^{\circ}$ C in the proportion of 9.6mW /  $^{\circ}$ C.

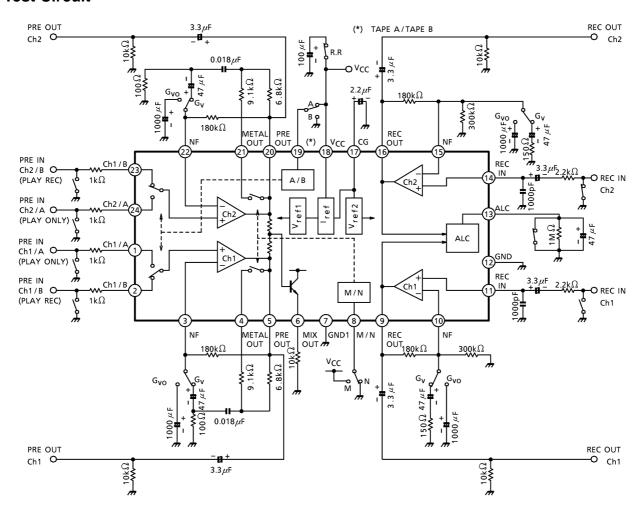
## Electrical Characteristics (unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC} = 6V$ , f = 1kHz, Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic Syl		Symbol	Test Cir– cuit	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Quiescent current		I <sub>CCQ</sub>	_	Metal mode, V <sub>in</sub> = 0	_	13	20	mA
	Output noise voltage	V <sub>no</sub>	_	Normal mode, $R_g$ = 2.2k $\Omega$ , nab EQ, BW = 20Hz~20kHz, $G_V$ = 40dB	_	200	600	μV <sub>rms</sub>
	Total harmonic distortion	THD	_	V <sub>out</sub> = 0.2V <sub>rms</sub> , f = 1kHz normal mode	_	0.06	0.2	%
	Maximum output voltage	V <sub>om</sub>	_	THD = 1.0%, $R_L$ = 10k $\Omega$ , f = 1kHz, normal mode	0.5	1.0	_	V <sub>rms</sub>
mp.	Open loop voltage gain	G <sub>vo</sub>	_	$f$ = 1kHz, $R_L$ = 10k $\Omega$ , $V_{in}$ = 13.8μV (–95dBm)	70	95	_	dB
Play back amp.	Cross talk	C.T. (ch)	_	$V_{out}$ = 0.775 $V_{rms}$ (0dBm), f = 1kHz, $R_g$ = 2.2k $\Omega$ , normal mode	-40	-60	_	dB
	Tape A / tape B cross talk	C.T. (in)	_	$V_{out}$ = 0.775 $V_{rms}$ (0dBm), f = 1kHz, $R_g$ = 2.2k $\Omega$ , normal mode	_	-66	_	dB
	Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	_	$V_{\text{ripple}}$ = 0.775 $V_{\text{rms}}$ (0dBm), $f_{\text{ripple}}$ = 100Hz, $R_{\text{g}}$ = 2.2k $\Omega$ , normal mode	_	-38	-	dB
	Voltage gain	G <sub>vn</sub>	_	$V_{in}$ = 7.75m $V_{rms}$ (–40dBm), f = 1kHz, $R_L$ = 10k $\Omega$ , normal nab	_	40	_	dB
Pre amp →rec amp C.T. (P		C.T. (P / R)	_	f = 1kHz, V <sub>out</sub> (pre) = 0.775V <sub>rms</sub> (0dBm), normal (pre)	_	-53	_	dB
Rec amp →pre amp C.T. C.T. (R / P)		C.T. (R / P)	_	f = 1kHz, V <sub>out</sub> (rec) = 0.775V <sub>rms</sub> (0dBm), normal (pre)	_	-76	_	dB

	Characteristic	Symbol	Test Cir– cuit	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Output noise voltage	V <sub>no</sub>	_	$R_g$ = 2.2k $\Omega$ , BW = 20Hz~20kHz, ALC off $G_V$ = 60dB	-	1.35	2.7	mV
	Total harmonic distortion	THD	_	$V_{out} = 0.5V_{rms}$ , $f = 1kHz$ , ALC off $R_L = 10k\Omega$	_	0.37	1.0	%
	Maximum output voltage	V <sub>om</sub>	_	THD = 1%, $R_L$ = 10k $\Omega$ , $f$ = 1kHz, ALC off	1.2	1.5	_	V <sub>rms</sub>
	Open loop voltage gain	G <sub>vo</sub>	_	$f$ = 1kHz, $R_L$ = 10kΩ, ALC off, $V_{in}$ = 3.16μ $V_{rms}$ (–110dBV)	80	108	_	dB
	ALC range	R (ALC)	_	3dB up, f = 1kHz, dual input	_	52	_	dB
.dι	Total harmonic distortion (ALC)	THD (ALC)	_	$\begin{aligned} &V_{in} = 0.0775 V_{rms} \ (-20 dBm), \\ &f = 1 kHz \\ &dual \ input, \ R_L = 10 k\Omega \end{aligned}$	_	0.48	1.0	%
Recording amp.	ALC balance	B (ALC)	_	$V_{in}$ = 0.0775 $V_{rms}$ (–20dBm), dual input, $R_L$ = 10k $\Omega$ , f = 1kHz	-	0	2	dB
	ALC level	V (ALC)	_	$V_{in}$ = 0.0775 $V_{rms}$ (–20dBm), f = 1kHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 10k $\Omega$	0.75	1.0	1.2	V <sub>rms</sub>
	Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	_	$V_{\text{ripple}}$ = 0.775 $V_{\text{rms}}$ (0dBm), f = 100Hz, $R_{\text{g}}$ = 2.2k $\Omega$	_	-30	_	dB
	Voltage gain	G <sub>vn</sub>	_	f = 1kHz (flat), R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ, V <sub>in</sub> = 1mV <sub>rms</sub> (-60dBV)	_	61	_	dB
	Cross talk (ALC off)	C.T. (ch)	_	$\begin{split} &V_{out} = 0.775 V_{rms} \text{ (0dBm)}, \\ &f = 1 \text{kHz, } R_g = 2.2 \text{k}\Omega, \\ &ALC \text{ off,} \\ &V_{in} = 1 \text{mV}_{rms} \text{ (-60dBV)} \end{split}$	-40	-54	_	dB
	Cross talk (ALC on)	C.T. (ALC)	_	$V_{out}$ = 0.775 $V_{rms}$ (0dBm), f = 1kHz, $R_g$ = 2.2k $\Omega$ , ALC on, $V_{in}$ = 0.0775 $V_{rms}$ (-20dBm)	-40	-54	_	dB

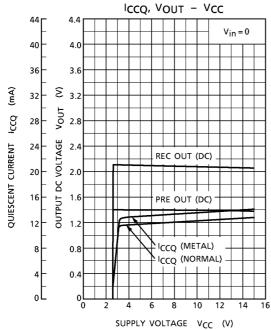
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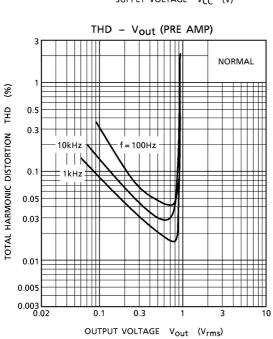
#### **Test Circuit**

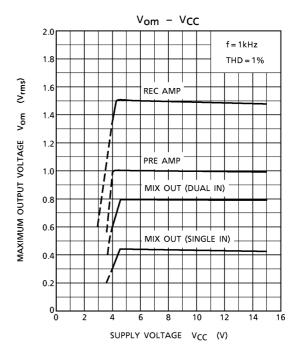


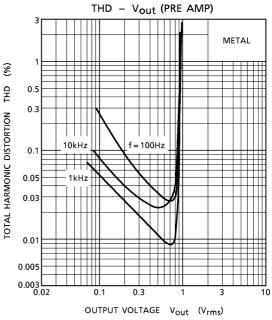
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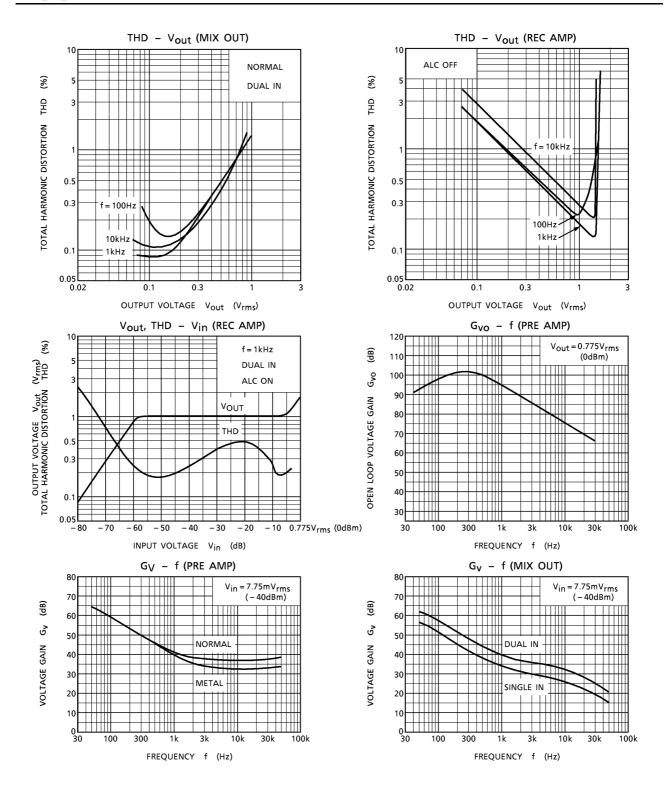


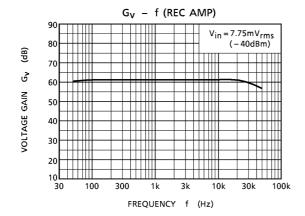


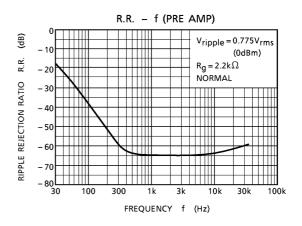


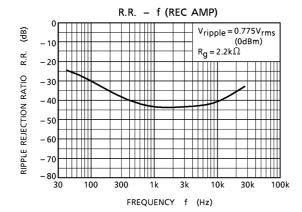


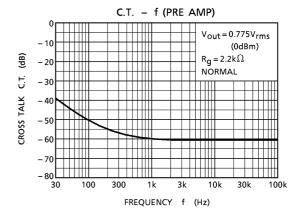
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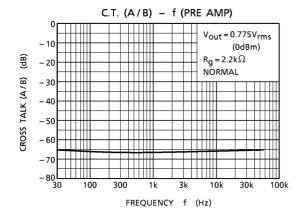


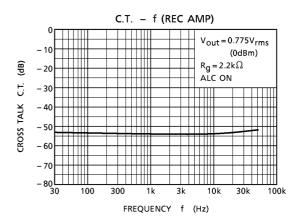


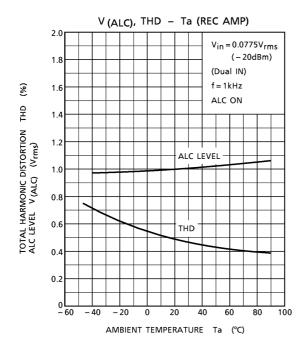


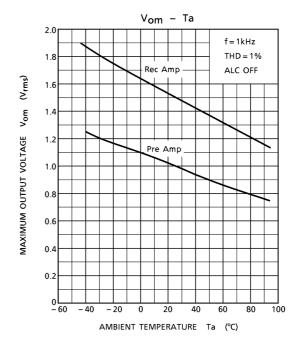


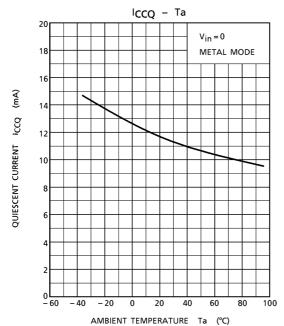


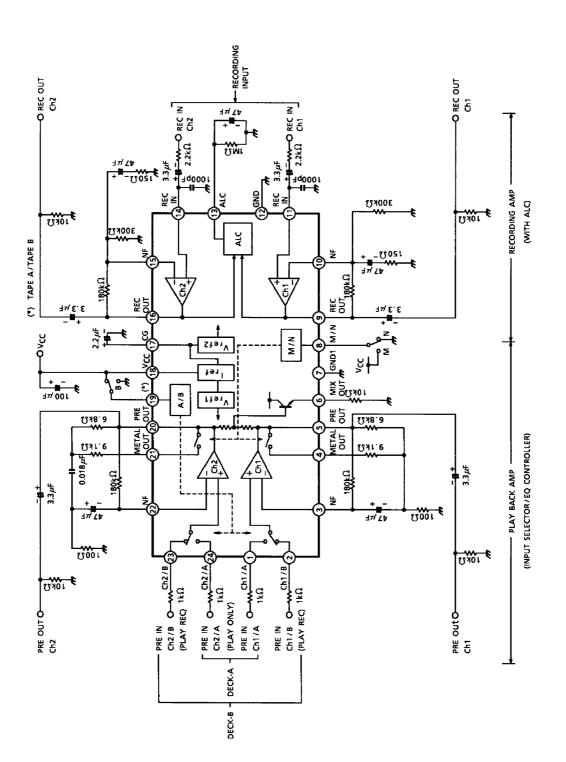








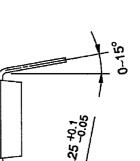




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## **Package Dimensions**

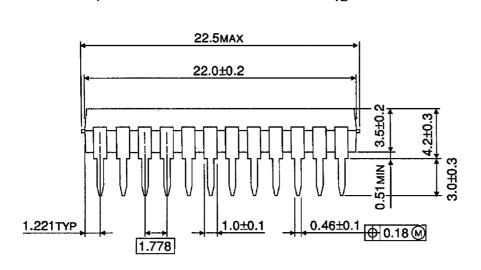
SDIP24-P-300-1.78



6.4±0.2

7.62

Unit: mm



Weight: 1.2g (typ.)

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